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HARRINGTON & SMITH, LLP 4 RESEARCH DRIVE SHELTON, CT 06484-6212			MILORD, MARCEAU	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SHELTON, C	21 00404-0212		2682	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/036,304	BURNHOUSE ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Marceau Milord	2682			
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a recommendation of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions are period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by status Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the main earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a bely within the statutory minimum of thi d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI tle, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03</u> This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ The 3)□ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. rance except for formal mat	-			
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrest is/are withdrest is/are allowed. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	awn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) and a second Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction. 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the least of the second se	ccepted or b) objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeya ection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)	_				
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1- 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Walsh et al (US Patent No 6144848) in view of Herrod et al (US Patent No 6405049 B2) and Soini et al (US Patent No 6445932 B1).

Regarding claims 1 and 3, Walsh et al discloses a system (figs. 1-3) for displaying data transfer rates on a display comprising: a system for displaying the transfer rates in an alphanumeric mode or an alternative graphics mode (col. 3, line 40- col. 4, line 8; col. 17, line 5- col. 18, line 41; col. 4, lines 10-47; col. 17, line 5- col. 18, line 41; col. 35, line 21- col. 36, line 26).

However, Walsh et al does not specifically disclose the features of a system for switching between displaying the transfer rates in the alphanumeric mode and the graphics mode.

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On the other hand, Herrod et al, from the same field of endeavor, discloses a portable data device and a cradle for receiving the portable data device. The cradle is arranged to recharge the portable data device power supply and/or upload or download information to and from the portable data device. In addition, the user input comprises a keyboard with which the user can input information to the terminal (col. 2, line 55- col. 3, line 61). The terminal also includes a display for displaying information to the user The cradle interface allows downloading of data stored in the terminal to the cradle as well as transfer of control or other data from the cradle to the terminal (col. 5, line 34- col. 6, line 67). The information transmitted by the access points to the terminal can take various forms (col. 10, line 37- col. 11, line 59; col. 17, line 15- col. 18, line 59).

Soini also discloses a multi-service mobile station that comprises a module for connecting the device by radio to a telecommunication network in order to utilize typical mobile station services, such as speech and data services. Additionally, the multi-service mobile station provides processing memory for using various information processing services, such as telefax service and electronic mail service. The criteria are shifting from one service to another, going over the current saving mode, or, in two-section multi-service terminal device, folding the device together, and switching off the display (col. 2, line 37-col. 3, line 45). Furthermore, the user can set the multi-service mobile station to automatic answering mode for telefax messages, short messages, such as SMS messages (col. 4, line 30-col. 5, line 60). In addition, the user can move from a first service to a second service by pushing menu keys (col. 6, line 32-col. 7, line 65). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the technique of Soini to the modified system of Herrod and Walsh in order to

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provide a multi-service mobile station with a touch sensitive surface enabling using the display for receiving alphanumeric and graphic information.

Regarding claim 2, Walsh et al as modified discloses a system (figs. 1-3) for displaying data transfer rates on a display, wherein the system for switching comprises a keypad on a portable radio communication device (col. 15, lines 24- 32;col. 25, lines 35-44; col. 29, lines 3-15; col. 33, lines 10-25).

Regarding claim 4, Walsh et al as modified discloses a system (figs. 1-3) for displaying data transfer rates on a display, wherein the system for switching comprises a menu selectable feature displayed on the display (col. 4, lines 10-47;col. 35, line 21- col. 36, line 26).

Regarding claim 5, Walsh et al as modified discloses a system (figs. 1-3) for displaying data transfer rates on a display, further comprising a system for inactivating display of the data transfer rate on the display (col. 17, line 5- col. 18, line 41).

Regarding claim 6, Walsh et al as modified discloses a system (figs. 1-3) for displaying data transfer rates on a display, wherein the system for switching comprises means for not displaying the transfer rates in either the alphanumeric mode or the graphics mode (col. 18, line 34-col. 19, line 33).

Regarding claim 7, Walsh et al as modified discloses a mobile radio telephone (figs. 1-5) comprising: a display; a transceiver; and a controller coupled to the display and the transceiver (col. 25, lines 17-67), wherein the controller further comprises the system for displaying data transfer rates (col. 20, line 24- col. 21, line 16).

However, Walsh et al does not specifically disclose a system for switching between displaying the transfer rates in the alphanumeric mode and the graphics mode.

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On the other hand, Herrod et al, from the same field of endeavor, discloses a portable data device and a cradle for receiving the portable data device. The cradle is arranged to recharge the portable data device power supply and/or upload or download information to and from the portable data device. In addition, the user input comprises a keyboard with which the user can input information to the terminal (col. 2, line 55- col. 3, line 61). The terminal also includes a display for displaying information to the user The cradle interface allows downloading of data stored in the terminal to the cradle as well as transfer of control or other data from the cradle to the terminal (col. 5, line 34- col. 6, line 67). The information transmitted by the access points to the terminal can take various forms (col. 10, line 37- col. 11, line 59; col. 17, line 15- col. 18, line 59).

Soini also discloses a multi-service mobile station that comprises a module for connecting the device by radio to a telecommunication network in order to utilize typical mobile station services, such as speech and data services. Additionally, the multi-service mobile station provides processing memory for using various information processing services, such as telefax service and electronic mail service. The criteria are shifting from one service to another, going over the current saving mode, or, in two-section multi-service terminal device, folding the device together, and switching off the display (col. 2, line 37-col. 3, line 45). Furthermore, the user can set the multi-service mobile station to automatic answering mode for telefax messages, short messages, such as SMS messages (col. 4, line 30-col. 5, line 60). In addition, the user can move from a first service to a second service by pushing menu keys (col. 6, line 32- col. 7, line 65). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the technique of Soini to the modified system of Herrod and Walsh in order to

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provide a multi-service mobile station with a touch sensitive surface enabling using the display for receiving alphanumeric and graphic information.

Regarding claim 8, Walsh et al as modified discloses a mobile radio communication device (figs. 1-5) having a display and a transceiver for transmitting and receiving data, the improvement comprising: means for displaying a data transfer rate of data with the transceiver on the display in an alphanumeric format (col. 33, lines 10-25; col. 31, lines 16-37).

Regarding claim 9, Walsh et al as modified discloses a mobile radio communication device (figs. 1-5) further comprising means for displaying the data transfer rate on the display in a graphical format (col. 4, lines 10- 47;col. 35, line 21- col. 36, line 26).

However, Walsh et al does not specifically disclose a means for switching between displaying the transfer rates in the alphanumeric mode and the graphics mode.

On the other hand, Herrod et al, from the same field of endeavor, discloses a portable data device and a cradle for receiving the portable data device. The cradle is arranged to recharge the portable data device power supply and/or upload or download information to and from the portable data device. In addition, the user input comprises a keyboard with which the user can input information to the terminal (col. 2, line 55- col. 3, line 61). The terminal also includes a display for displaying information to the user The cradle interface allows downloading of data stored in the terminal to the cradle as well as transfer of control or other data from the cradle to the terminal (col. 5, line 34- col. 6, line 67). The information transmitted by the access points to the terminal can take various forms (col. 10, line 37- col. 11, line 59; col. 17, line 15- col. 18, line 59).

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Soini also discloses a multi-service mobile station that comprises a module for connecting the device by radio to a telecommunication network in order to utilize typical mobile station services, such as speech and data services. Additionally, the multi-service mobile station provides processing memory for using various information processing services, such as telefax service and electronic mail service. The criteria are shifting from one service to another, going over the current saving mode, or, in two-section multi-service terminal device, folding the device together, and switching off the display (col. 2, line 37-col. 3, line 45). Furthermore, the user can set the multi-service mobile station to automatic answering mode for telefax messages, short messages, such as SMS messages (col. 4, line 30-col. 5, line 60). In addition, the user can move from a first service to a second service by pushing menu keys (col. 6, line 32-col. 7, line 65). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the technique of Soini to the modified system of Herrod and Walsh in order to provide a multi-service mobile station with a touch sensitive surface enabling using the display for receiving alphanumeric and graphic information.

Regarding claim 10, Walsh et al as modified discloses a mobile radio communication device (figs. 1-5), wherein the means for switching comprises a user actuatable keypad (col. 4, lines 10-47;col. 35, line 21- col. 36, line 26).

Regarding claims 11-13, Walsh et al discloses a mobile radio communication device (figs. 1-5) comprising: a transceiver; a controller coupled to the transceiver; a display coupled to the controller, wherein the controller is adapted to display on the display a data transfer rate of data by the transceiver (col. 33, lines 10-25; col. 31, lines 16-37; col. 4, lines 10-47; col. 17, line 5- col. 18, line 41; col. 35, line 21- col. 36, line 26).

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However, Walsh et al does not specifically disclose the features of a system for inactivating display of the data transfer rate on the display while the transceiver is transmitting or receiving the data; wherein the controller is adapted to display the data transfer rate in either an alphanumeric format or a graphical format; a system for allowing a user to switch between display of the data transfer rate in either the alphanumeric format or the graphical format.

On the other hand, Herrod et al, from the same field of endeavor, discloses a portable data device and a cradle for receiving the portable data device. The cradle is arranged to recharge the portable data device power supply and/or upload or download information to and from the portable data device. In addition, the user input comprises a keyboard with which the user can input information to the terminal (col. 2, line 55- col. 3, line 61). The terminal also includes a display for displaying information to the user The cradle interface allows downloading of data stored in the terminal to the cradle as well as transfer of control or other data from the cradle to the terminal (col. 5, line 34- col. 6, line 67). The information transmitted by the access points to the terminal can take various forms (col. 10, line 37- col. 11, line 59; col. 17, line 15- col. 18, line 59).

Soini also discloses a multi-service mobile station that comprises a module for connecting the device by radio to a telecommunication network in order to utilize typical mobile station services, such as speech and data services. Additionally, the multi-service mobile station provides processing memory for using various information processing services, such as telefax service and electronic mail service. The criteria are shifting from one service to another, going over the current saving mode, or, in two-section multi-service terminal device, folding the device together, and switching off the display (col. 2, line 37-col. 3, line 45). Furthermore, the user can

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set the multi-service mobile station to automatic answering mode for telefax messages, short messages, such as SMS messages (col. 4, line 30-col. 5, line 60). In addition, the user can move from a first service to a second service by pushing menu keys (col. 6, line 32- col. 7, line 65). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the technique of Soini to the modified system of Herrod and Walsh in order to provide a multi-service mobile station with a touch sensitive surface enabling using the display for receiving alphanumeric and graphic information.

Regarding claim 14, Walsh et al as modified discloses a mobile radio communication device (figs. 1-5), wherein the system for allowing a user to switch between display formats comprises a menu selectable feature (col. 4, lines 10- 47;col. 35, line 21- col. 36, line 26).

Regarding claim 15, Walsh et al as modified discloses a mobile radio communication device (figs. 1-5), wherein the menu selectable feature also allows the user to activate the system for inactivating display of the data transfer rate (col. 17, line 5- col. 18, line 41).

Claims 16 contains similar limitations addressed in claim 11, and therefore is rejected under a similar rationale.

Regarding claims 17-18, Walsh et al discloses a method (figs. 1-3) of displaying a data transfer rate on a display, the method comprising steps of: selecting, by a user, a data transfer rate display mode from a plurality of data transfer rate display modes (col. 3, line 40- col. 4, line 8; col. 17, line 5- col. 18, line 41; col. 4, lines 10-47; col. 17, line 5- col. 18, line 41; col. 35, line 21- col. 36, line 26).

However, Walsh et al does not specifically disclose the features of displaying the data transfer rate on the display based upon the selected data transfer rate display mode, wherein the

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plurality of data transfer rate display modes comprises an alphanumeric display mode and a graphical display mode

On the other hand, Herrod et al, from the same field of endeavor, discloses a portable data device and a cradle for receiving the portable data device. The cradle is arranged to recharge the portable data device power supply and/or upload or download information to and from the portable data device. In addition, the user input comprises a keyboard with which the user can input information to the terminal (col. 2, line 55- col. 3, line 61). The terminal also includes a display for displaying information to the user The cradle interface allows downloading of data stored in the terminal to the cradle as well as transfer of control or other data from the cradle to the terminal (col. 5, line 34- col. 6, line 67). The information transmitted by the access points to the terminal can take various forms (col. 10, line 37- col. 11, line 59; col. 17, line 15- col. 18, line 59).

Soini also discloses a multi-service mobile station that comprises a module for connecting the device by radio to a telecommunication network in order to utilize typical mobile station services, such as speech and data services. Additionally, the multi-service mobile station provides processing memory for using various information processing services, such as telefax service and electronic mail service. The criteria are shifting from one service to another, going over the current saving mode, or, in two-section multi-service terminal device, folding the device together, and switching off the display (col. 2, line 37-col. 3, line 45). Furthermore, the user can set the multi-service mobile station to automatic answering mode for telefax messages, short messages, such as SMS messages (col. 4, line 30-col. 5, line 60). In addition, the user can move from a first service to a second service by pushing menu keys (col. 6, line 32- col. 7, line 65).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the technique of Soini to the modified system of Herrod and Walsh in order to provide a multi-service mobile station with a touch sensitive surface enabling using the display for receiving alphanumeric and graphic information.

Regarding claim 19, Walsh et al as modified discloses a method (figs. 1-3) of displaying a data transfer rate on a display, wherein the plurality of data transfer rate display modes further comprises an OFF display mode which prevents displaying of the data transfer rate on the display (col. 15, line 20- col. 16, line 7).

Regarding claim 20, Walsh et al as modified discloses a method (figs. 1-3) of displaying a data transfer rate on a display, wherein the step of selecting a data transfer rate display mode comprises selecting the display model from a menu of available display modes displayed on the display (col. 4, lines 10- 47;col. 35, line 21- col. 36, line 26).

Regarding claim 21, Walsh et al discloses a method (figs. 1-3) of changing displaying of a data transfer rate on a display of a portable communication device, the method comprising steps of: selecting, by a user, to turn a displaying feature of the data transfer rate ON or OFF (col. 15, line 8- col. 16, line 57); and during data transfer by the portable communication device, a controller of the portable communication device, connected to the display (col. 31, lines 16-37; col. 35, line 21- col. 36, line 33; col. 19, line 23-col. 20, line 53; col. 22, lines 7- 23; col. 33, lines 10-25).

However, Walsh et al does not specifically disclose the step of preventing the display from displaying the data transfer rate when the user has selected to turn the displaying feature OFF.

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On the other hand, Herrod et al, from the same field of endeavor, discloses a portable data device and a cradle for receiving the portable data device. The cradle is arranged to recharge the portable data device power supply and/or upload or download information to and from the portable data device. In addition, the user input comprises a keyboard with which the user can input information to the terminal (col. 2, line 55- col. 3, line 61). The terminal also includes a display for displaying information to the user. The cradle interface allows downloading of data stored in the terminal to the cradle as well as transfer of control or other data from the cradle to the terminal (col. 5, line 34- col. 6, line 67). The information transmitted by the access points to the terminal can take various forms (col. 10, line 37- col. 11, line 59; col. 17, line 15- col. 18, line 59).

Soini also discloses a multi-service mobile station that comprises a module for connecting the device by radio to a telecommunication network in order to utilize typical mobile station services, such as speech and data services. Additionally, the multi-service mobile station provides processing memory for using various information processing services, such as telefax service and electronic mail service. The criteria are shifting from one service to another, going over the current saving mode, or, in two-section multi-service terminal device, folding the device together, and switching off the display (col. 2, line 37-col. 3, line 45). Furthermore, the user can set the multi-service mobile station to automatic answering mode for telefax messages, short messages, such as SMS messages (col. 4, line 30-col. 5, line 60). In addition, the user can move from a first service to a second service by pushing menu keys (col. 6, line 32- col. 7, line 65). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the technique of Soini to the modified system of Herrod and Walsh in order to

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provide a multi-service mobile station with a touch sensitive surface enabling using the display

for receiving alphanumeric and graphic information.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-21 have been considered but are moot in

view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Marceau Milord whose telephone number is 703-306-3023. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Vivian C. Chin can be reached on 703-308-6739. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MARCEAU MILORD

Marceau Milord

Examiner

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12-26-04

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